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From face-to-face to mobile Internet: replicate the French ESS questionnaire on the ELIPSS panel

Emmanuelle Duwez, Simon Le Corgne, Malick Nam, Mathieu Olivier

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Context and objectives

- The Socio-Political Data Center (CDSP) is responsible for the data collection of the ELIPSS panel and the ESS.
- A part of the ESS 7th round was administered to the ELIPSS panel.
- Each survey process has his specificities (mobile Internet vs. face-to-face).



What is the influence of the administration mode?





Elipss in a few words

- Online survey instrument for the scientific community
- Aim: to address the lack of questionnaire survey tools in humanities and social sciences
- Sampling: probability-based
- Periodicity: each month
- Duration: 30 minutes maximum
- Administration: self-administered



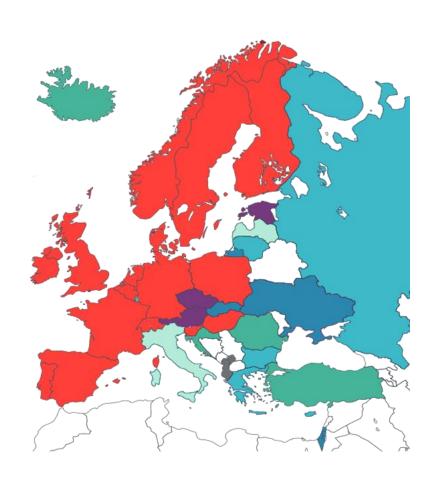
7-inch touchscreen tablet & 3G subscription





ESS in a few words

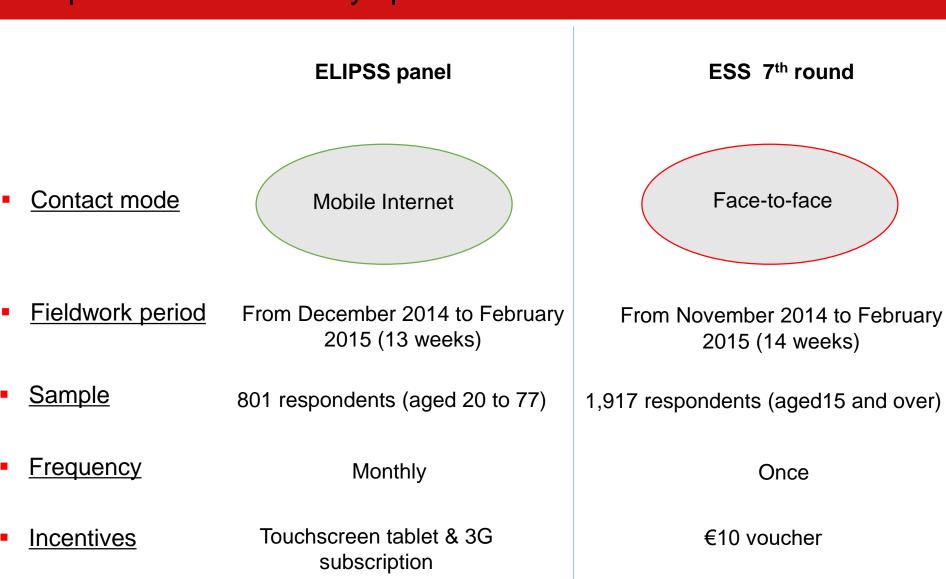
- Academically cross-national survey conducted every two years across Europe since 2001
- Aim: to chart stability and change in the social structure, conditions and attitudes in Europe
- Sampling: probability-based
- Periodicity: biennial
- Duration: 1 hour
- Administration: face-to-face







Comparison of the survey specifications

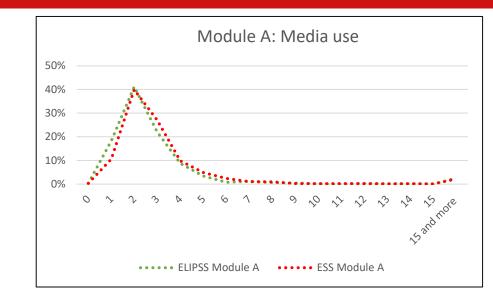


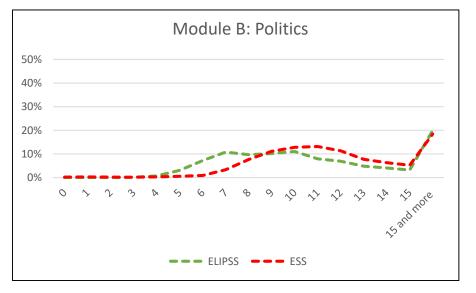


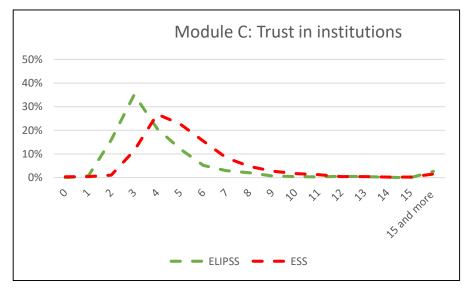


Constraints to administrate the ESS survey in ELIPSS

- Adapting the questionnaire duration:
 - Not exceed 25 minutes in ELIPSS
 - Which modules & questions?
- Adapting the questionnaire design:
 - Specific design in ELIPSS
 - Non-response answer options





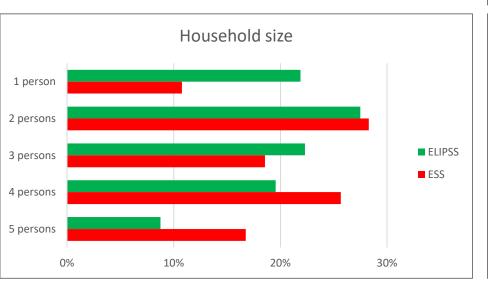


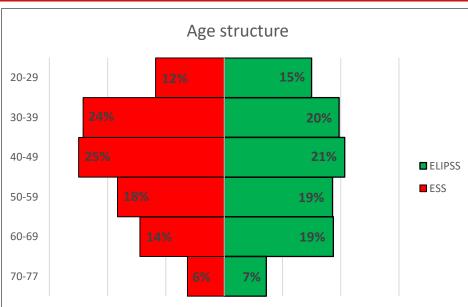


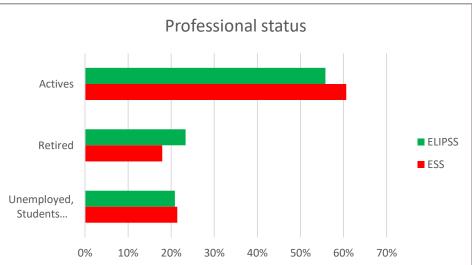


Population: who are they?

- Restriction of the ESS population (age limits, n=1,667)
- Application of the weightings
- Comparison of samples :
 - Over-representation of young people and elderly in the ELIPSS panel
 - Smaller households in ELIPSS
 - In the ESS sample, higher share of respondents who have a job





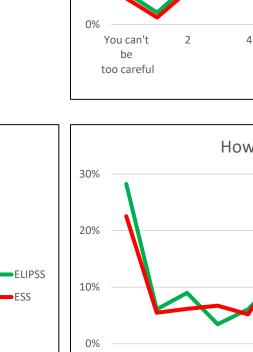


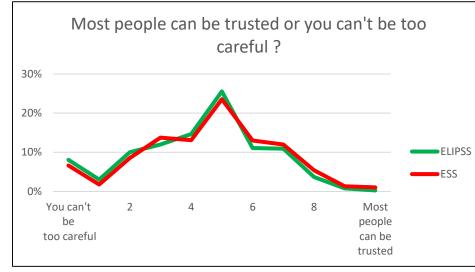


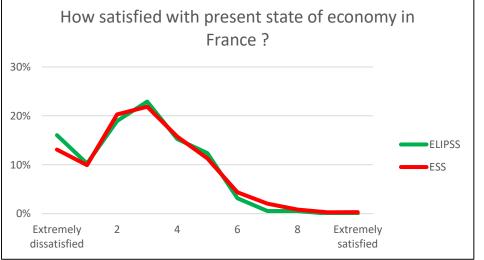


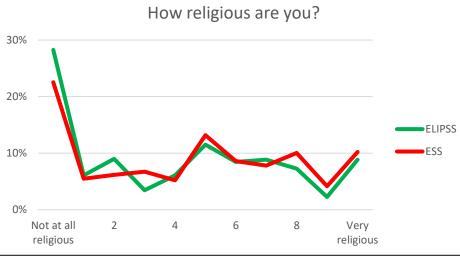
ESS - ELIPSS, it's all the same?

- A very similar distribution of responses for the majority of variables
- Existing tendency on different topics
- Confirmation with previous comparisons (ESS4 vs. LISS Panel - Revilla, 2013)
- Quality-proof of both survey devices







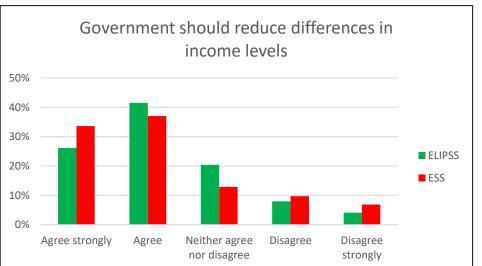


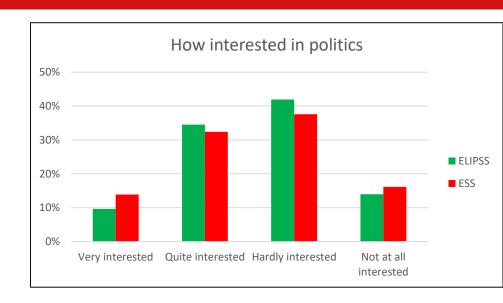


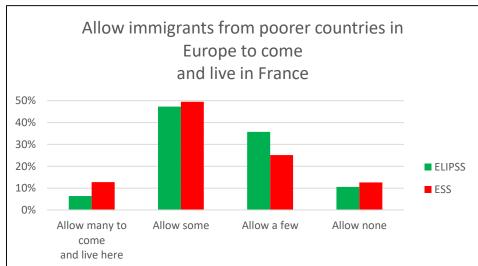


Online: the center is better!

- Extreme responses more frequent in ESS
- Panelists in favor of central response items
- Existing theories to interpret these trends
- Regularity of appearance pleads for a device effect



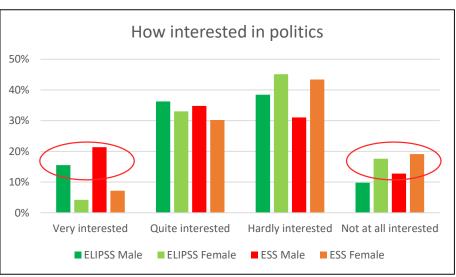


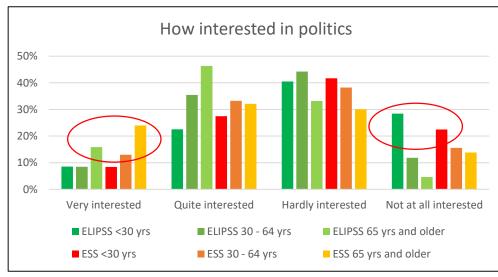




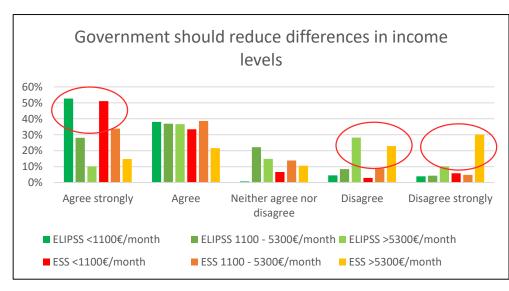


Beyond devices: broadening our scope





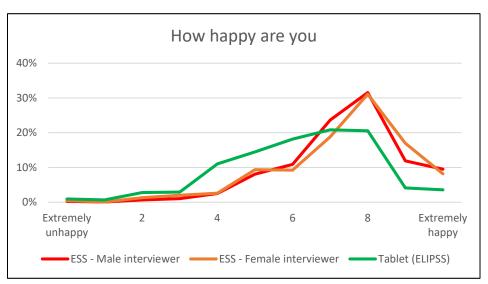
- The survey mode is not the only explanation
- The behavior of population groups should be taken into account:
 - Gender differences and age effect in political interest
 - Differentiated perception of societal issues depending on income level

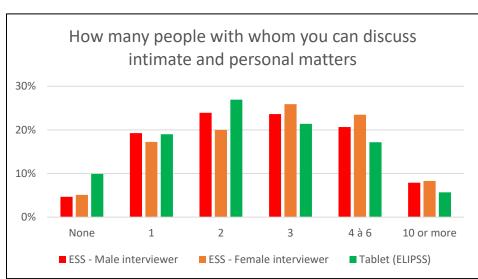






Face-to-Face: trying to look good!





- In face-to-face, respondents give more gratifying answers than online
 - Social desirability bias (Krosnick, 1991)
- Willingness to give a good self-image:
 - High level of happiness
 - More sociale relations
 - Stronger confidence in institutions
 - Greater tolerance for immigration and homosexuality
 - Among the face-to-face responses, there are also differences:
 - According to the interviewer's gender
 - But also the respondent's gender





What's coming next?

- Comparison of two quality surveys:
 - Very close answers
 - Low non-response rate
 - Consistency between related variables
- Each device has specific response behaviors:
 - Partially related to the survey method
 - Also explained by other variables
- The interviewer's gender is an interesting lead:
 - Few studies on the subject so far
 - Allow to analyse of the interviewer effect
 - Detailed analysis of non-response
 - Encouraging preliminary analyzes





Thank you for your attention!

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More informations about the ELIPSS project: http://quanti.dime-shs.sciences-po.fr/ More informations about the ESS France: http://www.europeansocialsurvey.org/about/country/france/